Kluwer Patent Blog

Actavis v. Merck, Court of First Instance Paris (Tribunal de Grande Instance Paris), 28 September 2010

Olivier Moussa · Friday, March 11th, 2011 · Landmark European Patent Cases

In a judgment issued on September 28, 2010, the Court of First Instance of Paris held that a dosage regime is effectively a method of treatment and is, as such, excluded from patentability in view of Article 53c of EPC 2000. In this particular case, the use of finasteride for the treatment of androgenic alopecia was known and the only novel element of the patent was the dosage regime The Court nullified the French part of Merck's European patent. The Court paid great attention to the decisions issued by UK and German courts regarding the same patent, and to the position taken by the EPO in its decision G2/08.

Click here for the full text of this case.

A full summary of this case has been published on Kluwer IP Law.

To make sure you do not miss out on regular updates from the Kluwer Patent Blog, please subscribe here.

Kluwer IP Law

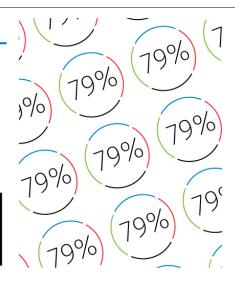
The **2022 Future Ready Lawyer survey** showed that 79% of lawyers think that the importance of legal technology will increase for next year. With Kluwer IP Law you can navigate the increasingly global practice of IP law with specialized, local and cross-border information and tools from every preferred location. Are you, as an IP professional, ready for the future?

Learn how Kluwer IP Law can support you.

79% of the lawyers think that the importance of legal technology will increase for next year.

Drive change with Kluwer IP Law.

The master resource for Intellectual Property rights and registration.



The Wolters Kluwer Future Ready Lawyer Leading change



This entry was posted on Friday, March 11th, 2011 at 3:58 pm and is filed under Case Law, Exceptions to patentability, France, Second Medical Use

You can follow any responses to this entry through the Comments (RSS) feed. Both comments and pings are currently closed.