Kluwer Patent Blog

Uncertainty about Irish referendum on Unified Patent Court

Kluwer Patent blogger · Thursday, October 12th, 2017

Although the Irish government scheduled a series of referendums for 2018 and 2019 last month, the referendum on Irish participation in the Unitary Patent system was not one of them.



This was confirmed by the Department of Business, Enterprise and Innovation in Ireland. The press office of the ministry stated: 'The Government deferred making a decision on the timing of the Unified Patent Court referendum which remains a commitment in the Programme for Government. This issue will be kept under review.'

In reaction to questions by Kluwer IP Law about the reason for the postponement, and whether it means there will definitely not be a referendum on the UPC in 2018 or 2019, the press office stated 'there is no further clarification available at this time'.

Though the ministry remains silent about its motivation, it seems likely the delay is linked to the uncertainty about the future of the Unitary Patent and Unified Patent Court, which has been created by the Brexit vote. It is broadly discussed (see here and here for instance) whether the UK can stay in the UP system and whether it can keep its branch of the central division of the UPC, once it exits the European Union. The constitutional complaint against the German ratification of the UPC Agreement is a source of uncertainty as well.

Although these issues may be clarified in the upcoming two years, it seems unlikely Ireland will schedule the UPC referendum in 2018 or 2019 after all. According to the Irish online newspaper thejournal.ie, the Irish Taoiseach – prime minister – Leo Varadkar has said: 'Any amendment to our Constitution requires careful consideration by the people. They should be given ample time to consider the issues and to take part in well-informed public debate. Setting a timetable for the referendums to be held over the next two years will allow all involved in campaigning on the issues to plan ahead and to facilitate that public debate.'

Ireland is one of the few member states of the UP system where a referendum is held as part of the ratification formalities. In Denmark a referendum was held on 25 May 2014. 62.5% of the Danish voters approved joining the UPC. So far, 14 member states have ratified the UPCA. If the UK and Germany ratify as well, the system will start. The UK may complete the ratification process later

this year, but in Germany this depends on the decision of the Federal Constitutional Court about the complaint that has been filed against ratification.

For regular updates on the Unitary Patent and the Unified Patent Court, subscribe to this **blog** and the free **Kluwer IP Law Newsletter**.

To make sure you do not miss out on regular updates from the Kluwer Patent Blog, please subscribe here.

Kluwer IP Law

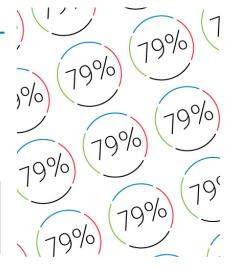
The **2022 Future Ready Lawyer survey** showed that 79% of lawyers think that the importance of legal technology will increase for next year. With Kluwer IP Law you can navigate the increasingly global practice of IP law with specialized, local and cross-border information and tools from every preferred location. Are you, as an IP professional, ready for the future?

Learn how Kluwer IP Law can support you.

79% of the lawyers think that the importance of legal technology will increase for next year.

Drive change with Kluwer IP Law.

The master resource for Intellectual Property rights and registration.



The Wolters Kluwer Future Ready Lawyer



This entry was posted on Thursday, October 12th, 2017 at 12:15 pm and is filed under European Union, Ireland, Unitary Patent, UPC

You can follow any responses to this entry through the Comments (RSS) feed. Both comments and pings are currently closed.